

Navios Maritime Holdings Inc. Q2 2018 Earnings Presentation

August 23, 2018

Forward Looking Statements

This presentation and our earnings call contain and will contain forward-looking statements (as defined in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) concerning future events, including cash flow generation for the remaining six months of 2018, future contracted revenues, potential gains, our ability to take advantage of dislocation in the market and any market recovery, and Navios Holdings' growth strategy and measures to implement such strategy; including expected vessel acquisitions and entering into further time charters. Words such as "may." "expects," "intends." "plans," "believes," "anticipates," "hopes," "estimates," and variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements include comments regarding expected revenue and time charters. These forward-looking statements are based on the information available to, and the expectations and assumptions deemed reasonable by Navios Holdings at the time these statements were made. Although Navios Holdings believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove to have been correct. These statements involve known and unknown risks and are based upon a number of assumptions and estimates which are inherently subject to significant uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond the control of Navios Holdings. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include, but are not limited to uncertainty relating to global trade, including prices of seaborne commodities and continuing issues related to seaborne volume and ton miles, our continued ability to enter into long-term time charters, our ability to maximize the use of our vessels, expected demand in the dry cargo shipping sector in general and the demand for our Panamax, Capesize and Ultra Handymax vessels in particular, fluctuations in charter rates for dry cargo carriers vessels, the aging of our fleet and resultant increases in operations costs, the loss of any customer or charter or vessel, the financial condition of our customers, changes in the availability and costs of funding due to conditions in the bank market, capital markets and other factors, increases in costs and expenses, including but not limited to: crew wages, insurance, provisions, port expenses, lube oil, bunkers, repairs, maintenance, and general and administrative expenses, the expected cost of, and our ability to comply with, governmental regulations and maritime selfregulatory organization standards, as well as standard regulations imposed by our charterers applicable to our business, general domestic and international political conditions, competitive factors in the market in which Navios Holdings operates, the value of our publicly traded subsidiaries, risks associated with operations outside the United States, Vale's obligations under the Vale port contract, and other factors listed from time to time in Navios Holdings' filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including its Forms 20-F and Forms 6-K. Navios Holdings expressly disclaims any obligations or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect any change in Navios Holdings' expectations with respect thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any statement is based. Navios Holdings makes no prediction or statement about the performance of its common stock.

EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Loss and Adjusted Basic Loss per Share are "non-U.S. GAAP financial measures" and should not be used in isolation or considered substitutes for net income/ (loss), cash flow from operating activities and other operations or cash flow statement data prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States.

EBITDA represents net (loss)/income attributable to Navios Holdings' common stockholders before interest and finance costs, before depreciation and amortization, before income taxes and before stock-based compensation. Adjusted EBITDA represents EBITDA, excluding certain items as described under "Earnings Highlights". We use EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA as liquidity measures and reconcile EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA to net cash provided by operating activities, the most comparable U.S. GAAP liquidity measure. EBITDA is calculated as follows: net cash provided by operating activities adding back, when applicable and as the case may be, the effect of (i) net increase/(decrease) in operating assets, (ii) net (increase)/decrease in operating liabilities, (iii) net interest cost, (iv) deferred finance charges and gains/(losses) on bond and debt extinguishment, (v) (provision)/recovery for losses on accounts receivable, (vi) equity in affiliates, net of dividends received, (vii) payments for daydock and special survey costs, (viii) noncontrolling interest, (ix) gain/ (loss) on sale of assets/ subsidiaries, (x) unrealized (loss)/gain on derivatives and (xi) loss on sale and reclassification to earnings of available-for-sale securities and impairment charges. Navios Holdings believes that EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are a basis upon which liquidity can be assessed and represents useful information to investors regarding Navios Holdings' ability to service and/or incur indebtedness, pay capital expenditures, meet working capital requirements and pay dividends. Navios Holdings also believes that EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are used (i) by prospective and current lessors as well as potential lenders to evaluate potential transactions; (ii) to evaluate and price potential acquisition candidates; and (iii) by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of companies in our industry.

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are presented to provide additional information with respect to the ability of Navios Holdings to satisfy its respective obligations, including debt service, capital expenditures, working capital requirements and pay dividends. While EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are frequently used as measures of operating results and the ability to meet debt service requirements, the definitions of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA used here may not be comparable to those used by other companies due to differences in methods of calculation.

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA have limitations as an analytical tool, and therefore, should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the analysis of Navios Holdings' results as reported under U.S. GAAP. Some of these limitations are: (i) EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA do not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, working capital needs; (ii) EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA do not reflect the amounts necessary to service interest or principal payments on our debt and other financing arrangements; and (iii) although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized may have to be replaced in the future. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA do not reflect any cash requirements for such capital expenditures. Because of these limitations, among others, EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered as a principal indicator of Navios Holdings' performance. Furthermore, our calculation of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to that reported by other companies due to differences in methods of calculation.

Large & Diversified Fleet	 70 ⁽¹⁾ controlled vessels; 35 owned / 35 chartered-in (25 with purchase options) ⁽²⁾ Modern fleet - average age of 7.8 years ⁽³⁾ - 16% younger than industry average ⁽⁴⁾ Diverse fleet - 20 Capesize, 32 Panamax, 16 Ultra Handymax and 2 Handysize 					
Low Cost Structure / Operating Leverage	 Scale provides significant operating leverage (cash savings and cost control) Operating costs 42%⁽⁵⁾ lower than the average of listed peers 					
Renewing Fleet	 9% increase in fleet capacity 15% decrease in average age of fleet Charter-in strategy ~ 70% of chartered-in fleet has purchase options 					
Capturing Market Recovery	 H2 2018: 49.9% of 11,482 ⁽⁶⁾ available days have market exposure 50.1% fixed 37.4% fixed with floating rates 12.5% open 					
Risk Management	 Managing credit and market risk through a combination of fixed and floating rate contracts 					
Strong Brand in Maritime Industry Proven Market Access	 Contracts with creditworthy counterparties Strategic relationships Commercial and investment banks Shipyards Commodity houses Approx. \$2.9 billion of debt and equity issued since September 2008 					
Seasoned Management Team	 Seasoned team with industry experience averaging 20+ years per person 					
NM = Diversified Investment Vehicle	 Dry bulk: 112 vessels (NM, NMM and Navios Europe II) Tankers: 46 vessels (NNA, NAP and Navios Europe I) Containers: 43 vessels (NMM, NMCI Navios Europe I and Navios Europe II) Logistics: Iron ore and grain ports, liquid port, barges and cabotage vessels (NSAL) 					
(4) Fueludes Nevice Levisias Nevice Fuere Levis Nevice Fuere U flexi	(4) Source: Clarkeses					

⁽¹⁾ Excludes Navios Logistics, Navios Europe I and Navios Europe II fleets

⁽²⁾ Includes purchase option for one Ultra-Handymax vessel already exercised. The vessel is not yet delivered to owned fleet.

⁽³⁾ Basis fully delivered fleet

⁽⁴⁾ Source: Clarksons

⁽⁵⁾ See slide13

⁽⁶⁾ Excludes Kleimar vessels

Navios Universe

Scale, Experience & Relationships

- Economies of scale
- 200+ vessels managed
- Operating leverage
- Professional management team
- Ship management in public company
- Value creation through cycle
- Global brand
- Strong Industry relationships
- Access to deal flow

Navios Maritime Acquisition Corporation

(NYSE: NNA)

35 vessels - 26 product tankers, 7 VLCCs, 2 chemical tankers

Navios Maritime Midstream Partners L.P.

(NYSE: NAP) 6 VLCCs Navios
Maritime
Partners L.P.

(NYSE: NMM)

40 vessels⁽²⁾: 14 Capes, 18 Panamaxes, 3 Ultra-Handymaxes, 5 Containerships

Navios Maritime Holdings Inc.

(NYSE: NM)

70 drybulk vessels (1): 35 owned, 35 chartered-in

Special Purpose Vehicles

Navios Europe I & II

24 vessels: 5 Panamaxes, 2 Handymaxes, 5 Product Tankers 12 Containerships Navios Maritime Containers Inc.

(N-OTC: NMCI)

26 Containerships (3)

Navios South American Logistics Inc.

Port Terminal facilities, barges & coastal cabotage

- (1) Excludes the two drybulk vessels agreed to be sold to Navios Partners
- Includes the two drybulk vessels agreed to be acquired from Navios Holdings
- (3) Includes one 4,563 TEU containership expected to be delivered in Q3/Q4 2018

Strength through Diversification

Navios Maritime Acquisition Corporation (NYSE: NNA)

- 35 vessels (7 VLCCs & 28 product and chemical tankers)
- Chartering strategy that ensures stability in a low rate environment
- 2017 Adj. EBITDA: \$107.7 million

Navios Maritime Midstream Partners L.P. (NYSE: NAP)

- 6 VLCCs
- 2.8 years remaining average charter period (includes backstop)
- 2017 Net income: \$14.6 million; EBITDA: \$57.9 million

Navios Maritime Partners L.P. (NYSE: NMM)

- 40 vessel fleet (2) (35 dry bulk and 5 containers)
- Unique growth platform in dry industry
- ~ \$655 million of remaining contracted revenue (3)
- 2017 Adj. Net income: \$21.8 million; Adj. EBITDA: \$133.1 million
- ~ \$135 million equity raised in 2017 and 2018YTD

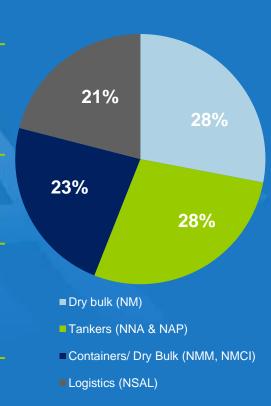
Navios Maritime Containers Inc. (Oslo OTC - NMCI)

- Growth platform in container sector
- ~ \$180 million equity raised in 2017 and 2018YTD
- Fleet: 26 containerships (4)
- Net debt to book capitalization YE 2017: 40.2%

Navios South American Logistics Inc.

- Leading logistics provider in Hidrovia Region of South America
- Growing port terminal business; critical infrastructure for transshipment of agricultural, mineral and liquid cargoes
- \$1.2 billion estimated 20-year aggregate EBITDA⁽⁵⁾ from Vale port contract based on minimum guaranteed quantity
- 2017 Net income: \$3.1 million; EBITDA \$62.5 million

Share of Navios Group Enterprise Value (1)



- (1) As of August 21, 2018
- (2) Includes the two drybulk vessels agreed to be acquired from Navios Holdings
- (3) Basis fleet of 40 vessels (35 drybulk vessels and five containerships)
- 4) Includes one 4,563 TEU containership expected to be delivered in Q3/Q4 2018
- (5) Assuming operating costs similar to the operating costs of Navios Logistics' existing dry port terminal, including contracted tariff escalations and adjustments



Full Cycle Platform

Premiere operator in dry bulk sector

- Scale provides operating leverage
- 200+ vessel fleet management enables operating cost savings
 - ~ \$38 million estimated savings in 2017 compared to listed peers⁽¹⁾

Rebuilding balance sheet

- Proforma cash balance as of June 30, 2018 = \$166.2 million
 - NM's cash balance = \$95.8 million proforma for vessel sales and acquisitions
 - No significant committed growth capex / debt maturities until 2022

Renewing and expanding fleet

- Minimal capital outlay
- 2017-2018YTD added six vessels, net
 - 15% decrease in fleet average age, 9% increase in fleet capacity
- Exercised option to purchase 2007 Japanese-built Ultra-Handymax for ~ \$10.5 million
- Bareboat charter-in Kamsarmax vessel w/purchase option (agreed in Q3 delivering Q2 2020)

Significant expected free cash flow in H2 2018

- \$37.4 million expected free cash flow for H2 of 2018 at current market levels (2)
- \$71.9 million expected free cash flow for H2 of 2018 based on 20-year average rates (2)
- ~ 50% increase in TCE H1 2018 vs. H1 2016; ~ 35% increase vs. H1 2017

Rebuilding the Balance Sheet

Two vessels to be sold to NMM for \$79.0 million

- 2016-built Capesize, 181,259 dwt
- 2016-built Kamsarmax, 84,872 dwt
- Expected delivery in Q3 2018

Use of proceeds - Deleveraging

- \$79.0 million sale proceeds
 - \$31.8 million repayment of bank debt
 - \$47.2 million remaining cash

\$31.8 million debt reduction

\$1.7 million annual interest savings

\$47.2 million cash on balance sheet

Improving Ship Mortgage Notes collateral package by \$11.7 million

- 2017-2018YTD:
 - Removing four Ultra-Handymax vessels
 - \$27.6 million sale proceeds
 - Average age = 16.8 years
 - Contributing three vessels
 - \$39.3 million value
 - One Capesize, one Panamax and one Ultra-Handymax vessel⁽¹⁾

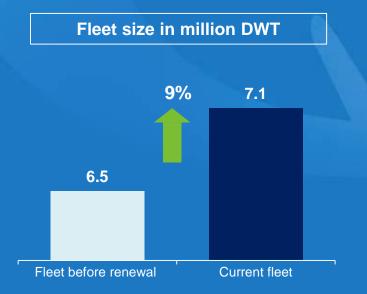
Fleet Renewal and Expansion

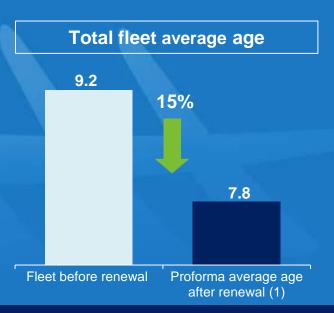
12 vessels acquired 2017-2018 YTD

- Ten Kamsarmax vessels delivering from Q4 2018 through Q2 2020
- Exercised option to purchase 2007 Japanese built Ultra-Handymax for ~ \$10.5 million
- One 2000-built Capesize vessel for \$10.0 million

Six vessels sold 2017-2018 YTD

- \$79.0 million agreement to sell one Capesize and one Kamsarmax vessel
- \$27.6 million from sale of four Ultra-Handymax vessels Average age 16.8 years





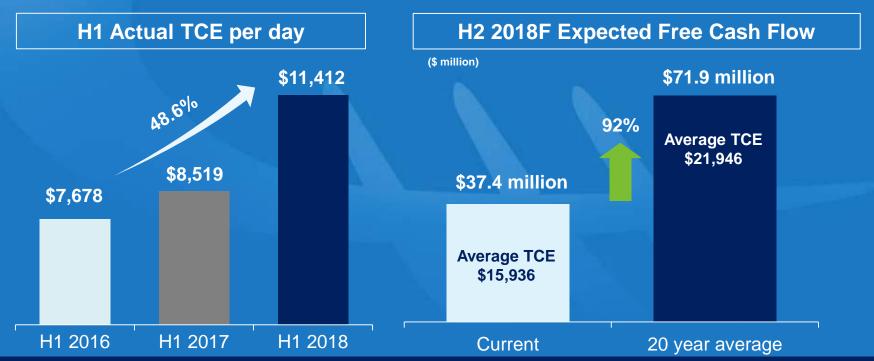
71% of the chartered-in fleet has purchase options (2) Expansion without significant capital outlay

Capturing Market Recovery

- ~ 50% increase in average TCE for H1 2018 vs. H1 2016
- ~ 35% increase in average TCE for H1 2018 vs. H1 2017

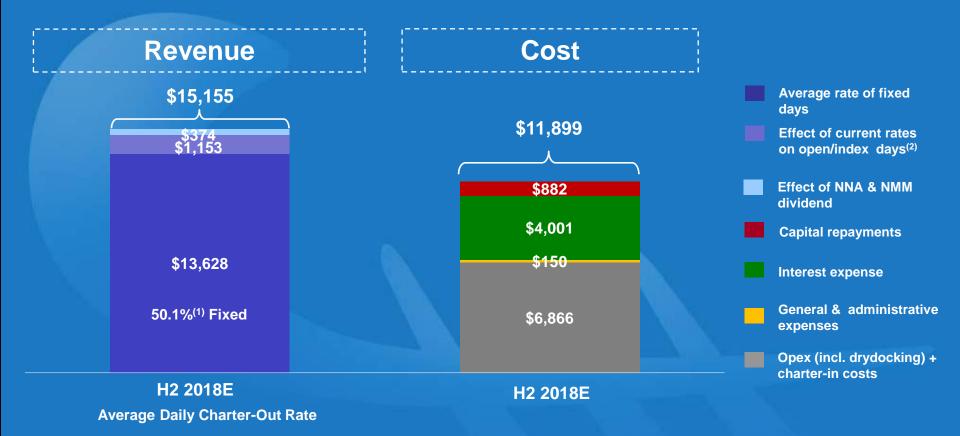
Significant expected free cash flow for H2 2018

- \$ 37.4 million expected at current rates; \$71.9 million based on 20-year average rates
- Market improvement captured by profit sharing + days fixed on floating rate
 - H2 2018F available days: 11,482; market exposure: 5,735 days; fixed days: 5,747



~ \$6 million additional expected free cash from every \$1,000 increase in rates

H2 2018E Cost Structure



- Breakeven includes operating costs of owned fleet (including scheduled drydock), charter-in expenses for charter-in fleet, general and administrative cash expenses, interest expense and capital repayments (excludes COAs, short term charters)
- Total Available Days of Core Fleet: 22,831 available days for 2018, 11,482 days for the remaining six months of 2018
- (1) Fixed days exclude index and profit sharing days
- (2) Current rate = 1 year TC rates Long Run Historical Series as of August 17, 2018: Capesize: \$21,375; Panamax: \$14,100; Ultra Handymax: \$13,000; Handysize: \$11,000 net per day

Liquidity Position

(\$ million)

(\$ million)

	June 30, 2018
Cash (1)	121.4
Debt ⁽²⁾	1,666.6
Shareholders' Equity (3)	452.3
Capitalization (3)	2,118.9
Net Debt / Capitalization	72.9%

	June 30, 2018
Cash ⁽¹⁾	121.4
Sale of Ultra-Handymax vessel in July	8.1
Sale of Capesize and Kamsarmax vessels	79.0
Debt prepayment	(31.8)
Acquisition of chartered-in vessel	(10.5)
Total Proforma Liquidity	166.2



No Significant Committed Growth CAPEX No Significant Debt Maturities Until 2022

- (1) Includes \$3.0 million of restricted cash
- (2) Includes \$528.7 million debt of Navios Logistics. All amounts net of deferred fees
- (3) Excludes noncontrolling interest
- (4) Pro forma maturity reflects prepayment of Navios Sphera and Navios Mars debt in Q3 2018



One of the Largest US-listed Dry Bulk Fleets

Navios Holdings Controls 70 ⁽¹⁾ Vessels (7.1 million DWT) and 63 Vessels Operating (6.5 million DWT)

Average Age: 7.8 years ⁽²⁾

20 Capesize	32 Panamax	16 Ultra Handymax	2 Handysize	
13 Vessels 2.31 million DWT	11 Vessels 0.85 million DWT	10 Vessels 0.54 million DWT	1 Vessel 0.04 million DWT	•
7 Vessels 1.26 million DWT	21 Vessels 1.70 million DWT	6 Vessels 0.35 million DWT	1 Vessel 0.04 million DWT	
6 Vessels 1.08 million DWT	14 Vessels 1.14 million DWT	4 Vessels 0.24 million DWT	1 Vessel 0.04 million DWT	

35 Owned 3.73 million DWT					
35 LT Charter-In 3.34 million DWT ^{(3), (5)}					
25 Purchase Options (5) 2.49 million DWT					

Charter-in strategy allows fleet expansion without significant capital outlay & future ownership via purchase options

Navios Group (4) controls 209 vessels

112 dry bulk (11.7 million DWT), 54 tankers (5.7 million DWT) and 43 container vessels (190,763 TEU)

- (1) Excludes Navios Logistics', Navios Europe I and Navios Europe II fleet
- (2) Basis fully delivered fleet
- (3) Includes 25 vessels that have purchase options.
- (4) Navios Group is composed of Navios Holdings (NM), Navios Partners (NMM), Navios Acquisition (NNA), Navios Midstream (NAP), Navios Europe I, Navios Europe II and Navios Containers (NMCI). Excludes Navios Logistics' barges and pushboats.
- (5) Includes purchase option for one Ultra-Handymax vessel already exercised. The vessel is not yet delivered to owned fleet.

~ \$38 Million of Estimated Operating Cost Savings in 2017

- NM's operating cost (opex and G&A expenses) is calculated 42% lower than the average of listed peers*
- Navios Group developed significant efficiencies from in-house capabilities and economies of scale
- Ability to hire and retain skilled professionals for technical and commercial management
- Excellent industry relationships
- Scale provides purchasing power

2017 Peer* Survey - operating cost per day per vessel



2017 Peer* Average – NM estimated savings = \$38.0 m (\$2,675 p/d/p vessel x 14,217 ownership days)

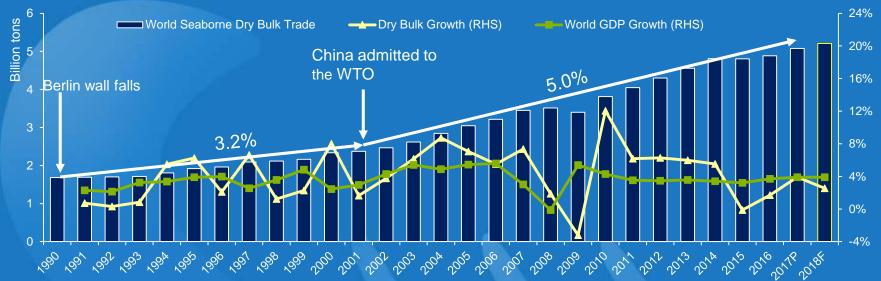
^{*} Peer group includes: DRYS, DSX, EGLE, GNK, GOGL, SALT, SB, SBLK

Operating cost = (1) vessel operating expense (including technical management and related services) + (2) general and administrative expense + (3) as applicable, fees and commissions related to the affiliate management services that are not otherwise included such as 0.75% - 1.25% commissions on vessel gross revenue or flat fees when vessels are chartered to parties other than related pools, 1% commission of gross purchase/sale price (capitalized as part of the carrying value of the vessel), supervisory fees on vessel construction (capitalized under construction costs), 1.25% commission on freight, hires and demurrages as chartering services, special awards for capital raising (deducted as additional paid in capital). Operating cost per day is based on calendar days of owned vessels for the vessel operating expenses and total days (including charter in vessels) for general and administrative expenses. Analysis for 2017 is based on the 2017 20-F filings of the peer companies, recent filings, annual reports and press releases.



Industry Overview

World Dry Bulk Trade

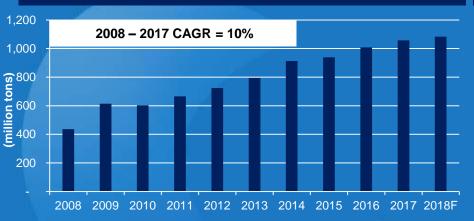


IMF GDP Growth (%)	2017	2018	2019					
World								
April 2018	3.8	3.9	3.9					
July 2018	3.7	3.9	3.9					
Advan	Advanced Economies GDP							
April 2018	2.3	2.5	2.2					
July 2018	2.4	2.4	2.2					
Emer	ging Markets G	DP						
April 2018	4.8	4.9	5.1					
July 2018	4.7	4.9	5.1					
Emerging and Developing Asia GDP								
April 2018	6.5	6.5	6.6					
July 2018	6.5	6.5	6.5					

World trade growth: 1.7% for 2016 and 3.9% for 2017P 2.6% for 2018F

Urbanization Drives Demand for Iron Ore





World Seaborne Iron Ore Trade 2017-18F

Million tons	2017E	YoY%	2018F	YoY%	Δ МТ
Total World Trade	1,473	3.9%	1,507	2.3%	34
Of which:					
Australia	828	2.5%	859	3.7%	31
Brazil	380	2.7%	390	2.6%	10

Chinese iron ore production and imports and steel production

	1	V	- Steel Pro	aduction		
Million tons	Domestic	Production	Seaborn	e Imports	Steel Fit	Jauction
2008	808	18%	436	16%	500	1%
2009	881	9%	615	41%	573	15%
2010	1,043	18%	602	-2%	627	9%
2011	1,144	10%	665	10%	695	11%
2012	1,310	15%	723	9%	727	5%
2013	1,317	8%	795	10%	800	10%
2014	1,514	4%	913	15%	823	1%
2015	1,381	-8%	939	3%	804	-2%
2016	1,281	-3%	1,008	7%	808	1%
2017	1,322	3%	1,058	5%	845	5%
2018 Jul	455	-39%	611E	-0.8%E	530	8%

2018 forecast: Chinese seaborne iron ore imports to increase by 2.4% to 1,083 million tons

Chinese Coal: Production and Imports

- Rationalization of Chinese coal production lead to stabilization of domestic coal prices allowing miners to make a profit
- Higher domestic coal prices made imports economic: as a result Chinese coal imports increased by 10% in 2017 and continue to increase at similar pace in 2018

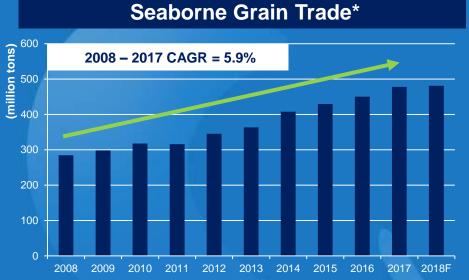
	CHINESE COAL							
4	Domestic	Production	Seabo	rne Imports				
	MT	YoY%	МТ	YoY%				
2006	2,325	10%	33	61%				
2007	2,523	9%	44	33%				
2008	2,716	8%	37	-17%				
2009	3,050	12%	123	233%				
2010	3,240	6%	163	33%				
2011	3,520	9%	191	17%				
2012	3,660	4%	251	32%				
2013	3,969	8%	286	14%				
2014	3,870	-2%	253	-12%				
2015	3,685	-4%	169	-33%				
2016	3,364	-9%	204	21%				
2017	3,445	2%	225	10%				
2018 Jul	1,976	-1%	144E	14%E				

Chinese Seaborne Coal Imports



Chinese seaborne coal imports were up 10% YoY or 21 million tons in 2017 and are projected to further grow in 2018

Rising Incomes Drive Demand for Grain

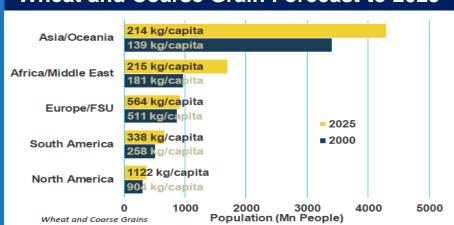


Seaborne Grain Exports 2017-18

Million tons	2017F	YoY%	Δ ΜΤ	2018F	YoY%	Δ ΜΤ
Total World Trade	478	6.2%	28	481	0.6%	3
Of which: US	129	-3.0%	-4	123	-4.4%	-6
Canada	26	2.9%	1	27	7.4%	2
North America	154	-2.1%	-3	150	-2.4%	-4
Brazil	97	32.6%	24	108	11.3%	11
Argentina	47	-0.5%	0	47	-1.1%	-1
South America	145	19.6%	24	155	7.3%	11
EU	38	-25.1%	-13	39	1.5%	1
Ukraine	45	5.3%	2	44	-2.8%	-1
Russia	40	27.7%	9	40	0.7%	0
Europe	123	-1.6%	-2	123	-0.3%	0
Australia	31	36.7%	8	27	-12.6%	-4

Increasing Populations Mean Increasing Grain Consumption and Trade

Wheat and Coarse Grain Forecast to 2025



- North America and South America produce more grain than they consume
- Africa, the Middle East and Asia/Oceania all consume more grain than they produce
- As income levels rise in the developing world, per capita grain consumption will grow
- Given expected population growth, there is a longer term trend of increasing grain trade from west to east

Dry Bulk Orderbook for 2018 and Beyond

	MDWT			MDWT # V			# Vessels	S
	Actual	Projected	Non-Delivery %	Actual	Projected	Non-Delivery %		
2018 Jul	18.3	24.0	23%	198	273	28%		
2017	38.4	58.1	34%	457	737	38%		
2016	47.2	92.7	49%	565	1,136	50%		
2015	49.2	85.1	42%	657	1,104	40%		
2014	48.2	75.1	36%	615	987	38%		
2013	63.0	101.2	38%	809	1,272	36%		
2012	100.7	138.9	28%	1,252	1,665	25%		

Orderbook (by year of delivery)



2018 Orderbook = 34.3 million DWT (before non deliveries)

23% non delivery rate YTD

Expected 2018 Net fleet growth ~ 2.6%

On 1/1/2018

Source: Clarksons

Aug YTD Deliveries: 204 ships/ 19.4 M DWT

Orderbook as of 8/20/18: 2018 = 14.4 M DWT; 2019 = 33.3 M DWT; 2020+ = 32.2 M DWT

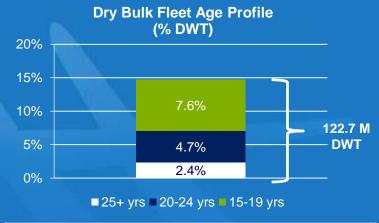
Dry Bulk Net Fleet, Age Profile + Historical Scrapping

Deliveries								
Year	Year Actual Projected		ed	% non-delivery				
2018 Jul	18.3	M	24.0	M	23%			
2017	38.4	M	58.1	М	34%			
2016	47.2	M	92.7	M	49%			
2015	49.2	M	85.1	M	42%			
2014	48.2	M	75.1	М	36%			
2013	63.0	M	101.2	M	38%			
2012	100.7	M	138.9	M	28%			
2011	99.9	M	137.3	M	27%			

Removals								
Year	DW.	Т	% of fleet					
2018 [*]	2.9	M	0.4%					
2017	15.0	М	1.9%					
2016	30.2	М	3.9%					
2015	31.3	М	4.1%					
2014	16.5	М	2.3%					
2013	23.8	М	3.5%					
2012	34.6	М	5.6%					
2011	25.0	М	4.6%					

	Net Fleet Growth									
Year	DW.	DWT %		Fleet per	eriod end					
2018 ⁽¹⁾	16.5	M	2.0%	833.7	M					
2017	23.4	М	3.0%	817.2	M					
2016	17.1	M	2.2%	793.8	M					
2015	17.9	M	2.4%	776.7	M					
2014	31.7	М	4.4%	758.9	M					
2013	39.4	M	5.7%	727.2	M					
2012	66.1	M	10.6%	687.7	M					
2011	80.2	M	14.8%	621.7	M					

Removals							
Year	Total	Demolition as % of Fleet					
2000	5.4 M	2.03%					
2001	8.9 M	3.25%					
2002	6.8 M	2.37%					
2003	4.3 M	1.48%					
2004	0.8 M	0.25%					
2005	1.7 M	0.53%					
2006	3.1 M	0.89%					
2007	0.9 M	0.25%					
2008	6.0 M	1.54%					
2009	11.1M	2.64%					
2010	7.4 M	1.60%					
2011	25.0 M	4.61%					
2012	34.6 M	5.57%					
2013	23.8 M	3.46%					
2014	16.5 M	2.27%					
2015	31.3 M	4.13%					
2016	30.2 M	3.88%					
2017	15.0 M	1.89%					
2018 Thru 8/20	2.9 M	0.36%					
2018 Annualized	4.4 M	0.5%					



2018 YTD⁽¹⁾ Net Fleet Growth 16.5 M = 19.4 Delivered M – 2.9 Scrapped M

8/20/18 Fleet: 833.7 M DWT⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Net Fleet Growth 2018: 19.35 M DWT delivered – 2.90 M DWT removed (both through 8/20/18)

NM Q2 & H1 2018 Earnings Highlights

Earnings Highlights										
(\$ '000 except per share data)	Three months ended June 30, 2018	Three months ended June 30, 2017	Y-O-Y Variance	Six months ended June 30, 2018	Six months ended June 30, 2017	Y-O-Y Variance				
Revenue	132,051	118,618	11%	248,933	213,964	16%				
EBITDA	36,636	21,518	70%	58,019	29,952	94%				
Adjusted EBITDA	43,231 ⁽¹⁾	31,338 ⁽²⁾	38%	71,329 ⁽⁴⁾	48,870 ⁽⁵⁾	46%				
Net Loss	(25,292)	(37,258)	32%	(66,149)	(85,977)	23%				
Adjusted Net Loss	(18,697) ⁽¹⁾	(27,438) ⁽²⁾	32%	(52,839) ⁽⁴⁾	(67,059) ⁽⁵⁾	21%				
Basic Loss per Share	(0.23)	(0.34)	32%	(0.60)	(0.79)	24%				
Adjusted Basic Loss per Share	(0.18) ⁽¹⁾	(0.26) (3)	31%	(0.49) (4)	(0.63) (6)	22%				

- (1) Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Loss and Adjusted Basic Loss per Share for the three months ended June 30, 2018 exclude a \$6.6 million impairment loss relating to the sale of Navios Achilles.
- (2) Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Loss for the three months ended June 30, 2017 exclude (i) a \$5.1 million impairment loss relating to the sale of Navios Horizon; and (ii) \$4.7 million non-cash impairment losses relating to our affiliates.
- (3) Adjusted Basic Loss per Share for the three months ended June 30, 2017 exclude items referred in footnote (2) as well as a gain of \$0.5 million following the completion of the Series G and H Exchange Program.
- (4) Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Loss and Adjusted Basic Loss per Share for the six months ended June 30, 2018 exclude a \$13.3 million impairment loss relating to the sale of Navios Herakles and Navios Achilles.
- (5) Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Loss for the six months ended June 30, 2017 exclude (i) a \$14.2 million impairment loss relating top the sale of Navios Ionian and Navios Horizon; and (ii) 4.7 million non-cash impairment losses relating to our affiliates.
- (6) Adjusted Basic Loss per Share for the six months ended June 30, 2017 exclude items referred in footnote (5) as well as a gain of \$0.5 million following the completion of the Series G and H Exchange Program.

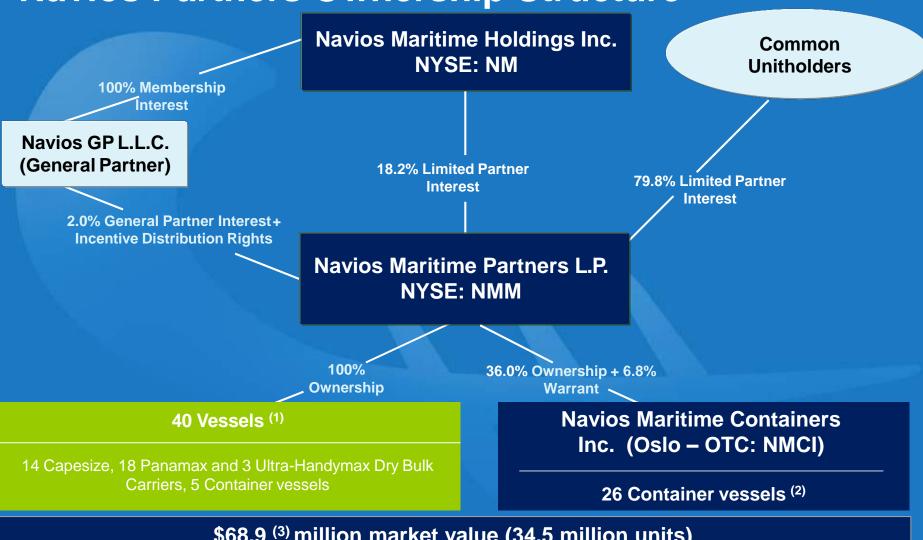
Operating Highlights									
	Three months ended June 30, 2018	Three months ended June 30, 2017	Six months ended June 30, 2018	Six months ended June 30, 2017					
Available Days	5,810	5,968	11,349	11,771					
Fleet Utilization	99.8%	99.9%	99.7%	99.8%					
Time Charter Equivalent	\$11,791	\$9,163	\$11,412	\$8,519					

NM Balance Sheet

Selected Balance Sheet Data		
(in \$'000)		
	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Cash & cash equivalents (incl. restricted cash)	121,432	134,190
Other current assets	130,272	121,886
Deposits for assets acquisitions	8,255	36,849
Vessels, port terminal and other fixed assets, net	1,788,936	1,809,225
Total Assets	2,573,128	2,629,981
Current portion of long term debt, net	31,142	33,885
Other current liabilities	216,328	202,309
Senior and ship mortgage notes, net	1,304,608	1,301,999
Long term debt, net of current portion	330,870	346,604
Stockholders Equity (1)	452,269	516,098
Book Capitalization (1)	2,118,889	2,198,586
Net Debt / Book Capitalization	72.9%	70.4%

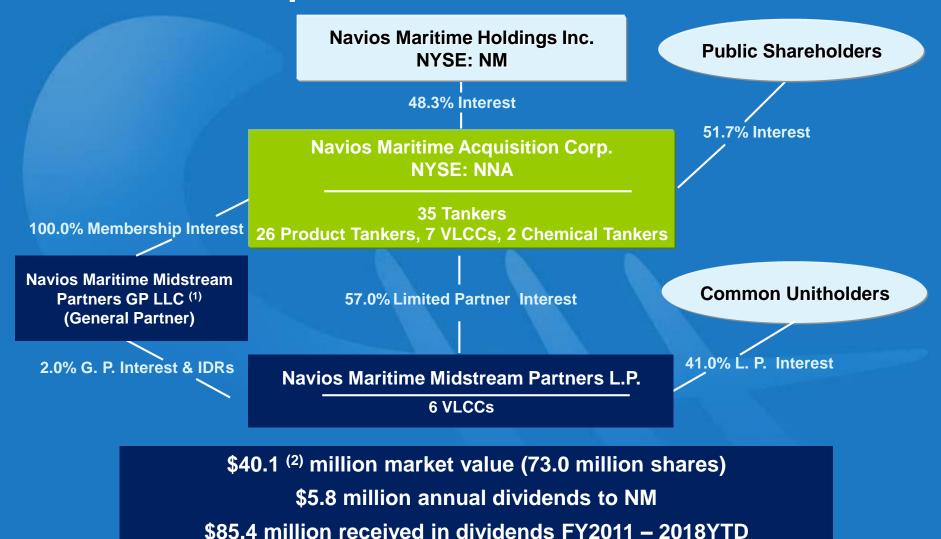
⁽¹⁾ Excludes noncontrolling interest.

Navios Partners Ownership Structure



\$68.9 (3) million market value (34.5 million units)
\$2.8 million annual dividends to NM
\$195.3 million received in cash distributions FY2008 – 2018YTD

NNA Ownership Structure & Economic Interest

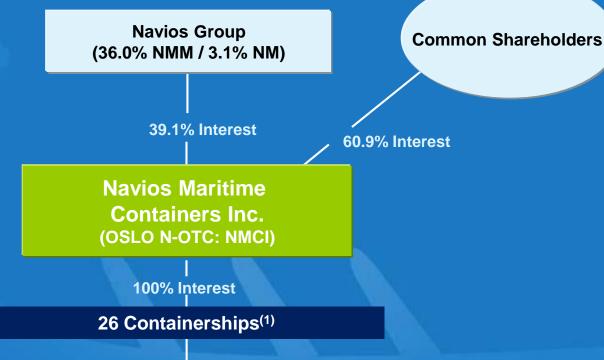


⁽¹⁾ Navios Holdings will have a ten-year option to purchase a minimum of 25% of the general partner interest held by the general partner, the incentive distribution rights held by the general partner and/or the membership interests of the general partner from Navios Acquisition at fair market value

(2) As of August 21, 2018

24

NMCI Ownership Structure





\$5.7 (2) million market value (1.1 million shares)

⁽¹⁾ Includes one 4,563 TEU containership expected to be delivered in Q3/Q4 2018.

Navios Logistics Ownership Structure

Navios Maritime Holdings Inc. NYSE: NM

63.8% Ownership

Peers Business Inc.

36.2% Ownership

Navios South American Logistics Inc. (Marshall Islands)

Barge Business



- 338 barges and push boats transporting dry and liquid cargoes across the river system
 - Push boats
 - Dry barges
 - Oil barges
 - LPG barges
- 1 floating dry dock

Port Terminals



- Grain Terminal -Nueva Palmira, Uruguay (tax free zone)
 - 460,000 mt storage capacity
 - 8 million tons annual transshipment capacity



- Iron Ore Terminal - Nueva Palmira. Uruguay (tax free zone)
 - 700,000 mt storage capacity
 - 10 million tons annual transshipment capacity



- Fuel Terminal -San Antonio, Paraguay
 - 45.660 m³ storage capacity

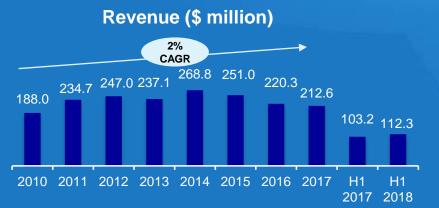
Cabotage Business



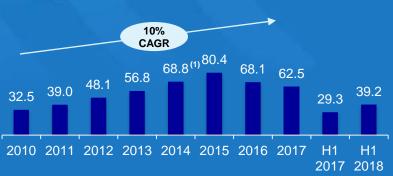
- Refined product transportation along
 - product tankers
 - One river tanker
 - One bunker vessel

Navios Logistics Q2 and H1 2018 Earnings Highlights

	(in \$ '000)	Three months ended June 30, 2018	Three months ended June 30, 2017	Y-O-Y Variance	Six months ended June 30, 2018	Six months ended June 30, 2017	Y-O-Y Variance
	Revenue	60,063	59,381	1%	112,331	103,182	9%
Navios Logistics	EBITDA	22,405	19,268	16%	39,211	29,346	34%
	Net income	3,994	4,430	(10%)	2,947	1,423	107%
Port	Revenue	31,452	22,793	38%	56,245	38,381	47%
Terminals	EBITDA	17,350	9,992	74%	28,953	14,349	102%
Barge	Revenue	18,164	22,198	(18%)	35,161	41,182	(15%)
Business	EBITDA	2,240	5,969	(62%)	4,385	11,540	(62%)
Cabotage	Revenue	10,447	14,390	(27%)	20,925	23,619	(11%)
Business	EBITDA	2,815	3,307	(15%)	5,873	3,457	70%



EBITDA (\$ million)



Navios Logistics Q2 2018 Balance Sheet

Selected Balance Sheet Data		
(in \$'000)		
	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Cash & cash equivalents (inc. restricted cash)	70,403	79,888
Accounts Receivable	37,482	25,726
Deposits for vessels, port terminals and other fixed assets, net	8,255	36,849
Vessels port terminal and other fixed assets, net	550,865	529,009
Total Assets	860,222	868,015
Senior notes, net of deferred financing costs	369,827	369,260
Current portion of long term debt	5,885	5,254
Long term debt, net of current portion	124,037	127,123
Notes payable, current	4,681	4,711
Notes payable, noncurrent	24,266	26,398
Stockholders Equity	282,222	279,275
Book Capitalization	810,918	812,021
Net Debt / Book Capitalization	57%	56%
		1000



Appendix: Navios Holdings Fleet

Appendix: Core Fleet Owned Fleet: Ultra Handymax

Expiration Date (2) Vessels Type DWT Profit Share Built Charter Rate (\$) (1) Handysize 34.690 08/2018 **Navios Serenity** 2011 7.030 No Ultra Handymax **Navios Vector** 01/2019 2002 50.296 10.450 No Ultra Handvmax 10/2018 Navios Meridian 2002 50.316 10.450 No Ultra Handymax **Navios Mercator** 2002 53.553 9.928 11/2018 No Ultra Handvmax 12/2018 Navios Arc 2003 53.514 12.350 No Ultra Handymax **Navios Hios** 10.355 01/2019 2003 55,180 No No 10.423 08/2018 Navios Kypros 2003 55,222 Ultra Handymax 100% of average Baltic 01/2019 Supramax 52 Index Routes Navios Astra Ultra Handymax 2006 53,468 9.738 09/2018 No No 08/2018 100% of average Baltic 10.793 **Navios Ulysses** Ultra Handymax 2007 55.728 09/2018 Supramax 58 10TC Index Routes No 10,434 08/2018 97.5% of average Baltic Ultra Handymax **Navios Celestial** 2009 58,063 Supramax 58 10TC Index 01/2019 Routes No 97.5% of average Baltic 10,661 08/2018 Navios Vega Ultra Handymax 2009 58.792 Supramax 58 10TC Index 12/2018 Routes Total: 11 vessels 578,822

⁽¹⁾ Daily rate net of commissions

⁽²⁾ Estimated expected redelivery

Appendix: Core Fleet Owned Fleet: Panamax

Vessels	Туре	Built	DWT	Charter Rate (\$) (1)	Expiration Date (2)	Profit Share
Navios Magellan	Panamax	2000	74,333	8,075	08/2018	No
Navios Star	Panamax	2002	76,662	8,768 —	08/2018 12/2018	No Yes ⁽³⁾
Navios Northern Star	Panamax	2005	75,395	8,550	09/2018	No
Navios Amitie	Panamax	2005	75,395	9,588 —	08/2018 12/2020	No Yes ⁽⁴⁾
Navios Taurus	Panamax	2005	76,596	11,584 —	08/2018 07/2020	No Yes ⁽⁴⁾
Navios Asteriks	Panamax	2005	76,801	8,713 — — —	08/2018 09/2018 11/2020	No Yes ⁽³⁾ Yes ⁽⁴⁾
N Amalthia	Panamax	2006	75,318	8,768 —	08/2018 12/2020	No Yes ⁽⁴⁾
Navios Galileo	Panamax	2006	76,596	9,444 — —	09/2018 10/2018 12/2020	No Yes ⁽³⁾ Yes ⁽⁴⁾
N Bonanza	Panamax	2006	76,596	8,768 —	08/2018 11/2020	No Yes ⁽⁴⁾
Navios Avior	Panamax	2012	81,355	10,878	08/2018	No
Navios Centaurus	Panamax	2012	81,472	8,497 —	08/2018 12/2018	No 110% of average Baltic Panamax 4TC Index Routes less adjustment to be based on index formula
Navios Sphera ⁽⁵⁾	Panamax	2016	84,872	10,527 —	08/2018 Q3 2018 ⁽⁵⁾	No 123% of average Baltic Panamax 4TC Index Routes less adjustment to be based on index formula
Total: 12 vessels			931,391			

- (1) Daily rate net of commissions
- (2) Estimated expected redelivery
- (3) 100% of average Baltic Panamax 4TC Index Routes less \$2,488/day
- (4) 100% of average Baltic Panamax 4TC Index Routes
- (5) Agreed to be sold to Navios Partners

Appendix: Core Fleet

Owned Fleet: Capesize

Vessels	Туре	Built	DWT	Charter Rate (\$) (1)	Expiration Date (2)	Profit Share
Navios Equator Prosper	Capesize	2000	171,191	18,513 —	08/2018 03/2019	No 92% Weighted Average Baltic Capesize 5TC Index Routes
Navios Stellar	Capesize	2009	169,001	21,896 —	08/2018 01/2020	No 102% Weighted Average Baltic Capesize 5TC Index Routes
Navios Bonavis	Capesize	2009	180,022	21,316 —	08/2018 10/2018	No 104% Weighted Average Baltic Capesize 5TC Index Routes
Navios Happiness	Capesize	2009	180,022	21,896 —	08/2018 03/2019	No 102% Weighted Average Baltic Capesize 5TC Index Routes
Navios Phoenix	Capesize	2009	180,242	23,472 —	08/2018 12/2018	No 107.5% Weighted Average Baltic Capesize 5TC Index Routes
Navios Lumen	Capesize	2009	180,661	18,858	01/2019	No
Navios Antares	Capesize	2010	169,059	22,146 —	08/2018 01/2020	No 102% Weighted Average Baltic Capesize 5TC Index Routes
Navios Etoile	Capesize	2010	179,234	17,575	01/2019	No
Navios Bonheur	Capesize	2010	179,259	35,458 —	08/2018 10/2018	No 98.25% Weighted Average Baltic Capesize C5 Index Routes
Navios Altamira	Capesize	2011	179,165	23,977 —	08/2018 01/2019	No 101% Weighted Average Baltic Capesize 5TC Index Routes
Navios Azimuth	Capesize	2011	179,169	19,475	02/2019	No
Navios Ray	Capesize	2012	179,515	19,570	06/2019	No
Navios Gem	Capesize	2014	181,336	20,045	12/2018	No
Navios Mars (3)	Capesize	2016	181,259	28,135 —	08/2018 Q3 2018 ⁽³⁾	No 117.5% Weighted Average Baltic Capesize 5TC Index Routes
Total: 14 vessels			2,489,135			

⁽¹⁾ Daily rate net of commissions

⁽²⁾ Estimated expected redelivery

⁽³⁾ Agreed to be sold to Navios Partners

Appendix: Core Fleet Long-Term Chartered-In Fleet

Vessels	Туре	Built	DWT	Charter Rate (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Expiration Date (2)	Purchase Option (3)	Profit Share
Navios Lyra	Handysize	2012	34,718	8,788	07/2019	Yes (4)	No
Navios Primavera	Ultra Handymax	2007	53,464	7,600	08/2018	Yes (5)	No
Mercury Ocean	Ultra Handymax	2008	53,452	9,500	11/2018	No	No
Kouju Lily	Ultra Handymax	2011	58,872	11,115	11/2018	No	No
Navios Oriana	Ultra Handymax	2012	61,442	12,241 —	08/2018 12/2018	Yes	No 112% of average Baltic Supramax 58 10TC Index Routes
Navios Mercury	Ultra Handymax	2013	61,393	11,866 —	08/2018 12/2018	Yes	No 110% of average Baltic Supramax 58 10TC Index Routes
Navios Venus	Ultra Handymax	2015	61,339	11,883 —	08/2018 01/2019	Yes	No 110% of average Baltic Supramax 58 10TC Index Routes
Osmarine	Panamax	2006	76,000	9,975	10/2018	No	No
Navios Aldebaran	Panamax	2008	76,500	13,775	02/2019	Yes	No
KM Imabari	Panamax	2009	76,619	12,350	11/2018	No	No
Navios Marco Polo	Panamax	2011	80,647	13,120 —	08/2018 08/2020	Yes	No 112% of average Baltic Panamax 4TC Index Routes
Navios Southern Star	Panamax	2013	82,224	14,684 —	08/2018 04/2019	Yes	No 133.75% of average Baltic Panamax 4TC Index Routes
Sea Victory	Panamax	2014	77,095	10,371 —	08/2018 11/2020	Yes	No 112% of average Baltic Panamax 4TC Index Routes
Elsa S	Panamax	2015	80,954	13,615 —	09/2018 01/2021	No	No 115% of average Baltic Panamax 4TC Index Routes

⁽¹⁾ Daily rate net of commissions

⁽²⁾ Estimated expected redelivery

⁽³⁾ Generally, Navios Holdings may exercise its purchase option after three to five years of service

⁽⁴⁾ Navios Holdings holds the initial 50% purchase option on the vessel

⁽⁵⁾ The purchase option was exercised. The vessel is not yet delivered to owned fleet

Appendix: Core Fleet Long-Term Chartered-In Fleet (continued)

Vessels	Туре	Built	DWT	Charter Rate (\$) (1)	Expiration Date (2)	Purchase Option (3)	Profit Share
Navios Amber	Panamax	2015	80,994	10,097 —	08/2018 01/2021	Yes	No 115% of average Baltic Panamax 4TC Index Routes
Navios Sky	Panamax	2015	82,056	10,025 —	08/2018 03/2021	Yes	No 113% of average Baltic Panamax 4TC Index Routes
Navios Coral	Panamax	2016	84,904	13,252 —	08/2018 11/2018	Yes	No 118% of average Baltic Panamax 4TC Index Routes
Navios Citrine	Panamax	2017	81,626	9,500	01/2019	Yes	No
Navios Dolphin	Panamax	2017	81,630	10,450	01/2019	Yes	No
Mont Blanc Hawk	Panamax	2017	81,638	13,615 —	09/2018 04/2021	No	No 115% of average Baltic Panamax 4TC Index Routes
Cassiopeia Ocean	Panamax	2018	82,069	12,957 —	08/2018 07/2021	No	No 115% of average Baltic Panamax 4TC Index Routes
Pacific Explorer	Capesize	2007	177,000	21,555 —	08/2018 12/2018	No	No 103% of average Baltic Capesize 5TC Index Routes
Navios Koyo	Capesize	2011	181,415	23,005 —	08/2018 02/2019	Yes	No 112% of average Baltic Capesize 5TC Index Routes
Dream Canary	Capesize	2015	180,528	13,300	03/2019	Yes	No
Dream Coral	Capesize	2015	181,249	14,013	03/2019	Yes	No
Navios Felix	Capesize	2016	181,221	28,026 —	08/2018 01/2019	Yes	No 120% of Average Baltic Capesize 5TC Index Routes
Total: 26 vessels			2,411,049				

Note: Average contracted daily charter-in rate of core fleet for the remaining six months of 2018 is estimated at \$12,805.

- (1) Daily rate net of commissions
- (2) Estimated expected redelivery
- (3) Generally, Navios Holdings may exercise its purchase option after three to five years of service

Appendix: Core Fleet Core Fleet Vessels to be Delivered

	Vessels	Туре	Delivery Date	DWT	Expiration	Purchase Option
Long-term Chartered-in Vessels	Navios Gemini	Panamax	Q4 2018	81,500	Q3 2023	No ⁽¹⁾
	Navios Horizon I	Panamax	Q1 2019	81,500	Q4 2023	No ⁽¹⁾
Long-term Bareboat Chartered-in Vessels	TBN	Panamax	Q3 2019	82,000	Q3 2029	Yes
	TBN	Panamax	Q4 2019	82,000	Q4 2029	Yes
	TBN	Panamax	Q4 2019	81,000	Q4 2029	Yes
	TBN	Panamax	Q1 2020	82,000	Q1 2030	Yes
	TBN	Panamax	Q2 2020	81,000	Q2 2030	Yes
	Total: 7 vessels			571,000		

⁽¹⁾ Navios has the right of first refusal and profit sharing on sale of vessel

Kleimar Controlled Fleet

Vessels	Туре	DWT	Built	Expiration	Purchase Option
King Ore	Capesize	176,800	2010	05/2020	Yes
Navios Obeliks	Capesize	181,415	2012	06/2022	Yes
Total: 2 vessels		358,215			

